**Key Findings** - Six themes emerged from the research:

**Theme 1 Breastfeeding Behaviour**
SC counselled breastfeeding as well as non-breastfeeding mothers and encouraged decreasing artificial feeding.

**Theme 2 Breastmilk Substitutes**
SC actively promoted exclusive breastfeeding but was prepared to give Powdered Infant Formula (PIF) to mothers unable or unwilling to breastfeed.

**Theme 3 Complementary Foods (CF)**
SC did not distribute CF but helped other organisations ensure that dietary diversity was considered during food distributions.

**Theme 4 Water, Sanitation & Hygiene**
Hygiene was an issue with few sanitation facilities available for caregivers to properly clean feeding equipment.

**Theme 5 Programme Implementation**
Fast transiting often left staff members without enough face-to-face time to counsel mothers properly. Insufficient numbers of interpreters made communication with beneficiaries from varying nationalities challenging.

**Theme 6 Coordination**
Initially poor coordination improved with the establishment of advocacy and IYCF-E working groups led.

**Conclusion**
In a unique emergency context, SC followed standard operating procedures and IYCF-E guidelines. To improve similar future interventions, recommendations are to establish IYCF-E working groups early on, implement a beneficiary tracking system and make skilled staff more readily available.