Nutrition and Food Security
Famine Prevention Response in Yemen

April 2017
### Food Security Cluster Dashboard

#### People in Need

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Current (2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>People</td>
<td>14 mil</td>
<td>17 mil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Funding Requirement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Current (2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funding</td>
<td>$847.07 mil</td>
<td>$1,073.8 mil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Strategic Priorities

- Improve availability of and access to food for the most vulnerable people in Yemen
- Ensure equitable access to assistance, services, resources, and protection measures for the most vulnerable women, girls, boys, and men
- Improve food security by supporting agricultural, livestock and fishery systems and assets
- Strengthen the capacity and coordination of Partners, affected communities, and authorities to prevent and mitigate risks and develop effective emergency preparedness actions
## Nutrition Cluster Dashboard

### People in Need

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Current (2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 mil</td>
<td>4.5 mil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Funding Requirement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Current (2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>179 mil</td>
<td>181 mil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### People Assisted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Current (2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.8 mil</td>
<td>136,270</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Strategic Priorities

- Deliver quality lifesaving interventions for acutely malnourished girls, boys and pregnant and lactating women
- Contribute to prevention of malnutrition by enhancing BSFP, micronutrient support, deworming and IYCF
- Strengthen capacity of national authorities and local partners to ensure effective, decentralised nutrition response
- Ensure a predictable, timely and effective nutrition response through needs analysis, monitoring and coordination
Food Security Cluster - IPC Map (March – July 2017)
Nutrition Cluster GAM Classification April/2017 - Yemen

The data used to create the map is a compilation of the available data based on the following data sources: SMART 2016-2017, EFSNA 2016 and CFSS 2014.

Sources:
Cartography: GoY/CSO.
Created: April 18/2017
Contact: ealyayon@immap.org
This map is for planning purposes only.
Operational Presence Maps
Food Security Cluster and Nutrition Cluster Interventions
Planned FSAC / Nutrition Interventions

JOINT PiN

6 million

TARGETED POPULATION

3 million

APPROPRIATE FAMINE PREVENTION RESPONSE PACKAGE

• Emergency Food Assistance (GFA, Cash/Voucher Transfers)
• Emergency Livelihoods Assistance
• CMAM
• Blanket supplementary feeding or MNPs
• Infant and young child feeding
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prioritisation</th>
<th>Name of the category</th>
<th>Threshold GAM</th>
<th>Threshold SFI</th>
<th>EFA/ELA</th>
<th>CMAM</th>
<th>BSFP/MNP</th>
<th>IYCF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Priority districts convergence</td>
<td>15% and above</td>
<td>20% and above</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>BSFP</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Priority districts Nutrition</td>
<td>15% and above</td>
<td>below 20%</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>MNP</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Priority districts Food Security</td>
<td>10 to 14.99%</td>
<td>20% and above</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>BSFP</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>below 10%</td>
<td>20% and above</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>MNP</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Other districts</td>
<td>below 10%</td>
<td>below 20%</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>MNP</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Achievements to date

- Undertook a joint emergency food security and nutrition assessment (the 1st national level joint assessment since the crisis began)
- Developed the joint prioritization for districts at risk of famine
- Developed joint package of interventions
- Advocated at HCT level for a joint pooled fund envelope for integrated projects addressing the underlying causes of malnutrition (FS, NUT, Health, WASH)
- Advocated to donors to prioritize funding for integrated FS and NUT interventions
Challenges

**Systems**
- Limited availability of funding (less than 19% for both clusters)
- Sectoral Specific HRP (e.g. Strategic Objectives, M&E plan cannot capture joint achievements)
- Different levels of targeting (NUT targets individuals while Food Security targets households) thus difficult to have full integration
- Escalation of fighting close to the main port of Hudaydah responsible for 70% of all imports
- Bureaucratic impediments by authorities on joint response and monitoring

**Capacity**
- Food Security or Nutrition specific partners (do not do integration as per mandate)
- Lack of global guidance on joint planning and response at cluster level

**Implementation**
- Current operational environment whereby health systems are on the verge of collapse
- Lack of access in some needy areas
- Difficulty to undertake assessments/surveys thus lack current data to inform joint response
- Frequent pipeline breaks due to lack of funds and restrictions on imports
Recommendations

• Resource mobilization, e.g the Yemen pledging conference
• Advocate for multi-sectoral HRP with joint strategic objectives, outcomes and monitoring framework
• Develop global guidance on joint planning and response (Gfsc, gNC, gWC, gHC)
• Support to existing health systems (e.g. through the World Bank Grant)
• Advocate for and secure humanitarian access and respect of humanitarian space in governorates/districts that are inaccessible due to ongoing conflict